

## **OBJECTIVES**

- ☐ Housekeeping Practices
- ☐ Contain Waste
- ☐ Minimize Disturbed Areas
- ☐ Stabilize Disturbed Areas
- Protect Slopes/Channels
- ☐ Control Site Perimeter
- ☑ Control Internal Erosion

# **DESCRIPTION:**

A temporary pipe or lined channel that drains the top of a slope to a stable discharge point at the bottom of a slope without causing erosion.

# **APPLICATIONS:**

- Where concentrated flow of surface runoff must be conveyed down a slope in order to prevent erosion.
- ▶ Drainage for top slope diversion dikes or swales.
- Emergency spillway for a sediment basin.
- ▶ Drainage for top of cut/fill slopes where water can accumulate.

# **INSTALLATION/APPLICATION CRITERIA:**

- Secure inlet and surround with dikes to prevent gully erosion, and anchor pipe to slope.
- ▶ Size to convey at least the peak of a 10-year, storm event.
- ▶ Stabilize outlet. (See Outlet Protection BMP).

## **LIMITATIONS:**

- Maximum drainage area per slope drain is 5 acres.
- Clogged slope drains will force water around the pipe and cause slope erosion.
- Dissipation of high flow velocities at the pipe outlet is required to avoid downstream erosion.
- Failure can result in flooding and severe erosion.

#### **MAINTENANCE:**

- ▶ Structure must be inspected weakly and after storms.
- ▶ Inlet must be free of undercutting and no water should circumvent the entry.
- ▶ Outlet should not produce erosion; velocity dissipators must be maintained.
- ▶ Pipe anchors must be checked to ensure that the pipe remains anchored to the slope.

# WEBER COUNTY

# **ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT**

2380 Washington Blvd., Suite 240 Ogden, UT 84401 (801) 399-8374

# **TARGETED POLLUTANTS**

- Sediment
- □ Nutrients
- ☐ Toxic Materials
- □ Oil & Grease
- ☐ Floatable Materials
- □ Other Waste
- High Impact
- Medium Impact
- □ Low or Unknown Impact

# IMPLEMENTATION REQUIREMENTS

- Capital Costs
- ☐ O&M Costs
- Maintenance
  - Training
- High

- Medium
- □ Low